

Single Particle Detection and Image Enhancement in XFEL Coherent Diffraction - Experiment and Simulation

Keng S. Liang^{*1}, Chi-Feng Huang¹, Yasumasa Joti², Yoshinori Nishino³, Wei-Hau Chang⁴, Tetsuya Ishikawa⁵, and Yeukuang Hwu¹

¹*Institute Of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taiwan*

²*Japan Synchrotron Radiation Research Institute/Spring-8, Japan*

³*Research Institute for Electronic Science, Hokkaido University, Japan*

⁴*Institute of Chemistry, Academia Sinica, Taiwan*

⁵*RIKEN SPring-8 Center, Japan*

**ksliang@nsrrc.org.tw*

XFEL-based Coherent X-Ray Diffraction Imaging (CXDI) has emerged to be a very promising technique to obtain images of nano-size objects without employing X-ray lenses. In principle, the image resolution of CXDI can be the wavelength of X-ray photons. However, in practice the obtainable image resolution currently reaches only a few nano meters the best. Systematic studies were carried out by scattering experiments at SACLA on nano particles of gold and virus of sizes ranging from a few nano-meters to ~ 80 nm. The X-ray speckle patterns obtained from single and two-particle scatterings were analyzed using a SAXS scheme along with computer calculations. The results are expressed in a master curve of image visibility in terms of electron density, particle size, and X-ray flux density. With given flux limitation, we further demonstrate the image enhancement using two-particle interference scattering effect. Such enhancement using strong scatterers in XFEL-CDI experiments can be in general a remedy to image weak-biological objects.